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MEDICAL POLICY



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| MEDICAL POLICY DETAILS | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Medical Policy Title | Growth Factors for Wound Healing | |
| Policy Number | 2.01.24 | |
| Category | Technology Assessment | |
| Original Effective Date | 01/20/00 | |
| Committee Approval | 07/19/01, 05/16/02, 04/24/03, 05/19/04, 07/21/05, 03/16/06, 01/18/07, 01/17/08, 01/15/09, | |
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| | 01/16/20, 01/21/21, 01/20/22, 01/19/23, 01/18/24 | |
| Current Effective Date | 01/18/24 | |
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| Product Disclaimer | Services are contract dependent; if a product excludes coverage for a service, it is not covered, and medical policy criteria do not apply. If a commercial product (including an Essential Plan or Child Health Plus product), medical policy criteria apply to the benefit. If a Medicaid product covers a specific service, and there are no New York State Medicaid guidelines (eMedNY) criteria, medical policy criteria apply to the benefit. If a Medicare product (including Medicare HMO-Dual Special Needs Program (DSNP) product) covers a specific service, and there is no national or local Medicare coverage decision for the service, medical policy criteria apply to the benefit. | |
| | • If a Medicare HMO-Dual Special Needs Program (DSNP) product DOES NOT cover a specific service, please refer to the Medicaid Product coverage line. | |

POLICY STATEMENT

Recombinant Platelet-Derived Growth Factors: Becaplermin gel, Regranex

- I. Based upon our criteria and assessment of the peer-reviewed literature, recombinant human platelet-derived growth factor (Becaplermin gel) for topical administration has been medically proven to be effective and, therefore, is considered **medically appropriate** when used as an adjunct to standard wound management for neuropathic diabetic ulcers extending into the subcutaneous tissue and meet **ALL** of the following criteria:
 - A. Adequate tissue oxygenation, as measured by:
 - 1. a transcutaneous partial pressure of oxygen of 30 mm Hg or greater on the foot dorsum or at the margin of the ulcer; **OR**
 - 2. an ankle-brachial blood pressure index (ABI) greater than 0.70 or ankle systolic pressure greater than 70 mm Hg; **AND**
 - B. Full-thickness ulcer (i.e., stage III or IV), extending through dermis into subcutaneous tissues; AND
 - C. Participation in a wound management program, which includes sharp debridement, pressure relief (i.e., non-weight bearing), and infection control.
- II. Based upon our criteria and the lack of peer-reviewed literature, Becaplermin gel has not been medically proven to be effective and, therefore, is considered **investigational** for **ALL** of the following indications:
 - A. Ischemic diabetic ulcers;
 - B. Venous stasis ulcers;
 - C. Pressure ulcers;
 - D. Ulcers not extending through the dermis into the subcutaneous tissue;
 - E. Surgical wounds; AND
 - F. Ulcerated perineal hemangiomas of infancy.

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Autologous Platelet-Derived Preparations: Basic Fibroblast Growth Factor (BFGF), Epidermal Growth Factor (EGF), Placental Angiogenic Growth Factors (PGFs), and Platelet-Rich Plasma (PRP)

- III. Based upon our criteria and the lack of peer-reviewed literature, autologous platelet-derived preparations have not been medically proven to be effective and, therefore, are considered **investigational** in the treatment of:
 - A. Chronic non-healing wounds;
 - B. Surgical wounds; AND
 - C. All other conditions, including, but not limited to arthritis, Dupuytren's contracture, epicondylitis, plantar fasciitis, and tendinopathy.

This policy does not address fibrin sealants.

Refer to Corporate Medical Policy #7.01.35 Bioengineered Tissue Products for Wound Treatment and Surgical Interventions

Refer to Corporate Medical Policy #11.01.03 Experimental and Investigational Services

POLICY GUIDELINES

- I. Patients are typically treated with Becaplermin gel once daily for up to 20 weeks. Continuing Becaplermin treatment should be reconsidered if the ulcer is not reduced in size by 30% within 10 weeks of treatment, or complete healing has not occurred in 20 weeks. When expected reduction in ulcer size occurs successfully, the treatment is continued until the ulcer is completely healed. The increase in rate of healing must be balanced with the potential for increased risk of cancer. Application of the gel may be performed by the patient in the home.
- II. When purchased at a pharmacy, coverage for Becaplermin gel is dependent upon the member's prescription drug coverage.

DESCRIPTION

Growth factors are polypeptides produced by cells during development and in response to injury. Owing to their effects on cell proliferation, growth factors have undergone extensive analyses, to determine their usefulness as wound healing agents.

A recombinant human platelet-derived growth factor, Becaplermin gel (Regranex), has biological activity similar to that of endogenous platelet-derived growth factor, which includes the promotion of chemotactic recruitment, proliferation of cells involved in wound repair, and enhancement of granulation tissue.

Examples of growth factors used in wound healing are:

- I. Basic Fibroblast Growth Factor (BFGF);
- II. Epidermal Growth Factor (EGF);
- III. Placental Angiogenic Growth Factors (PGFs); and
- IV. Platelet-Derived Growth Factor (PDGF).

Autologous PDGF is one of the polypeptides that control growth, differentiation, and activation of cell types essential for wound healing. The growth-promoting activities of PDGF are thought to be deficient in chronic wounds. Autologous PDGF preparations have been proposed as an adjuvant therapy for wound healing and to enhance healing following various types of surgery (e.g., oral and maxillofacial surgery, dental implants, non-union fractures).

Platelet-rich plasma (PRP) preparations, which contain growth factors, have been proposed as a primary treatment of miscellaneous conditions such as arthritis, Dupuytren's contracture, epicondylitis, plantar fasciitis, and tendinopathy.

The effectiveness of PDGF and PRP use for these conditions has not been demonstrated in the peer-reviewed literature.

RATIONALE

Becaplermin gel (Regranex) has been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) specifically for use in the treatment of chronic neuropathic diabetic ulcers of the lower extremities. Becaplermin gel, in conjunction with a good wound care program, has been found to improve health outcomes of patients with chronic neuropathic diabetic ulcers, by

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producing complete wound healing and reducing the time to complete wound healing when compared to a good wound care program alone.

In 2008, the manufacturer of Regranex, Ortho-McNeil Pharmaceutical, added a boxed warning to the labeling, stating that an increased rate of mortality secondary to malignancy was observed in patients treated with three or more tubes of Regranex gel. The boxed warning was removed in November 2018 based on data submitted to the FDA by Smith and Nephew.

Available data are insufficient to permit positive conclusions regarding the use of Becaplermin gel for treatment of ulcers (e.g., ischemic diabetic ulcers, pressure ulcers, and venous ulcers), other than chronic neuropathic diabetic ulcers or other non-healing wounds in the investigational setting.

Evidence is insufficient regarding the use of PDGFs as a treatment of chronic non-healing wounds, surgical wounds, and other conditions, including, but not limited to, arthritis, Dupuytren's contracture, epicondylitis, plantar fasciitis, or tendinopathy.

A 2015 statement by the American Academy of Orthopedic Surgeons states, "Biologic therapies are becoming increasingly popular in orthopedics due to their potential to regenerate tissue and enhance bone healing. However, questions still remain about their efficacy and indications for use."

Published studies provide mixed results regarding the use of PRP: some show benefit of the treatment, while others show no or little benefit. Proof of the efficacy of PRP has not been demonstrated in clinical studies; additional well-designed, randomized, controlled studies are needed before conclusion can be made.

CODES

- Eligibility for reimbursement is based upon the benefits set forth in the member's subscriber contract.
- CODES MAY NOT BE COVERED UNDER ALL CIRCUMSTANCES. PLEASE READ THE POLICY AND GUIDELINES STATEMENTS CAREFULLY.
- Codes may not be all inclusive as the AMA and CMS code updates may occur more frequently than policy updates.
- Code Key: Experimental/Investigational = (E/I), Not medically necessary/ appropriate = (NMN).

CPT Codes

| Code | Description |
|--|---|
| 0232T (E/I) | Injection(s), platelet rich plasma, any site, including image guidance, harvesting and preparation when performed |
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HCPCS Codes

| Code | Description |
|-------------|--|
| G0460 (E/I) | Autologous platelet rich plasma (PRP) or other blood-derived product for nondiabetic |
| | chronic wounds/ulcers (includes, as applicable: administration, dressings, phlebotomy, |
| | centrifugation or mixing, and all other preparatory procedures, per treatment) |
| G0465 (E/I) | Autologous platelet rich plasma (PRP) or other blood-derived product for diabetic |
| | chronic wounds/ulcers, using an FDA-cleared device for this indication, (includes, as |
| | applicable: administration, dressings, phlebotomy, centrifugation or mixing, and all |
| | other preparatory procedures, per treatment) |
| P9020 (E/I) | Platelet rich plasma, each unit |
| S0157 | Becaplermin gel 0.01%, 0.5 gm |
| S9055 (E/I) | Procuren or other growth factor preparation to promote wound healing |

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NDC Codes

| Code | Description |
|---------------|-------------|
| 50484-0810-15 | Becaplermin |

ICD10 Codes

| Code | Description | |
|---------|---|--|
| E08.621 | Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with foot ulcer | |
| E08.622 | Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other skin ulcer | |
| E09.621 | Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with foot ulcer | |
| E09.622 | Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other skin ulcer | |
| E10.621 | Type 1 diabetes mellitus with foot ulcer | |
| E10.622 | Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other skin ulcer | |
| E11.621 | Type 2 diabetes mellitus with foot ulcer | |
| E11.622 | Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other skin ulcer | |
| E13.621 | Other specified diabetes mellitus with foot ulcer | |
| E13.622 | Other specified diabetes mellitus with other skin ulcer | |

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*Key Article

KEY WORDS

Becaplermin, Growth factors, Regranex, Platelet derived growth factor, PDGF, Platelet-rich plasma.

CMS COVERAGE FOR MEDICARE PRODUCT MEMBERS

There is currently a National Coverage Determination (NCD) for Blood-Derived Products for Chronic Non-Healing Wounds (#270.3). Please refer to the following websites for Medicare Members:

https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/view/ncd.aspx?NCDId=217 accessed 12/12/23.