

# MEDICAL POLICY



MEDICAL POLICY DETAILS	
Medical Policy Title	MEDICALLY NECESSARY SERVICES
Policy Number	11.01.15
Category	Contract Clarification
Effective Date	09/23/04
Revised Date	10/27/05, 10/26/06, 10/24/07, 10/23/08
Archived Date	10/28/09
Edited Date	10/28/10, 12/08/11, 12/06/12, 12/12/13, 12/11/14, 12/10/15, 12/8/16, 12/14/17, 12/13/18
Product Disclaimer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If a product excludes coverage for a service, it is not covered, and medical policy criteria do not apply.</li> <li>• If a commercial product (including an Essential Plan product) or a Medicaid product covers a specific service, medical policy criteria apply to the benefit.</li> <li>• If a Medicare product covers a specific service, and there is no national or local Medicare coverage decision for the service, medical policy criteria apply to the benefit.</li> </ul>

## POLICY STATEMENT

- I. The Health Plan provides coverage for benefits included in the member's contract when the service (hospitalization, care, service, technology, test, treatment, drug, dental or supply) is **medically necessary**.
- II. Services will be deemed **medically necessary** only when all the following criteria are met:
  - A. They are appropriate and consistent with the diagnosis and treatment of the patient's medical condition;
  - B. They are required for the direct care and treatment or management of that condition;
  - C. If not provided the patient's medical condition would be adversely affected;
  - D. They are provided in accordance with standards of generally accepted medical practice;
  - E. They are not primarily for the convenience of the patient, the patient's family, the provider of services, or another provider;
  - F. They are the most appropriate service(s), rendered in the most efficient and economical way, and at the most economical level of care which can safely be provided; and
  - G. When the patient is an inpatient, the medical symptoms or conditions are such that diagnosis and treatment cannot safely be provided in any other setting (e.g., outpatient, physician's office or at home).
- III. In determining if a service is **medically necessary** the Health Plan may consider:
  - A. Reports in peer reviewed medical literature;
  - B. Reports and guidelines published by nationally recognized health care organizations that include supporting scientific data;
  - C. Professional standards of safety and effectiveness, which are generally recognized in the United States for diagnosis, care or treatment;
  - D. The opinion of health professionals in the generally recognized health specialty involved;
  - E. The opinion of the attending professional providers; and/or
  - F. Any other relevant information brought to our attention.
- IV. The Health Plan determines whether care is **medically necessary**. Determination of medical necessity may be based, in part, on a review of the patient's medical records.
- V. The fact that a provider has furnished, prescribed, ordered, recommended, or approved a service does not:
  - A. make it medically necessary;
  - B. mean it is the most appropriate treatment as per the published, peer-reviewed evidence based medical literature; or
  - C. mean the Health Plan will provide coverage for it.

Refer to Corporate Medical Policy #11.01.03 regarding Experimental and Investigational Services.

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**Medical Policy: MEDICALLY NECESSARY SERVICES**

**Policy Number: 11.01.15**

**Page: 2 of 3**

**POLICY GUIDELINES**

- I. Pursuant to New York Insurance Law, if a service has been authorized as medically necessary through the prior authorization process, the Health Plan will not deny a claim for the service unless the member is no longer covered on the date of service; the claim was not submitted in accordance with the contractual timeframes for submitting claims; the member's benefits are exhausted at the time the claim is received; the prior authorization was based on incomplete or inaccurate information; or there is a reasonable basis to believe the member or provider has engaged in fraud. In the event that Health Plan authorizes as medically necessary a course of treatment limited by number, time period or otherwise, then a request for treatment beyond the authorized course of treatment shall be deemed to be a new request and any denial of such a request shall not be governed by the preceding sentence.
- II. Determination as to a service being considered medically necessary or not medically necessary is made only through the Health Plan by an appropriate clinical peer reviewer. In most cases a physician who is a Health Plan Medical Director acts as the clinical peer reviewer. Medical opinions of professional societies, peer review committees, or other groups of physicians, submitted for review will be evaluated.  
A clinical peer reviewer is a practitioner in the same profession and same or similar specialty as the practitioner who manages the care or provides the service.

**DESCRIPTION**

The purpose of this medical policy is to define the term “medically necessary” or “medical necessity” and to provide clarification as to the criteria utilized by the Health Plan in determining when services, whether pre-service (e.g., prior authorization), concurrent, or post-service (e.g., initial determination, reconsideration, or appeal), are medically necessary.

Medically necessary, or medical necessity, is defined as health care services that a physician, exercising prudent clinical judgment, would provide to a patient for the purpose of preventing, evaluating, diagnosing or treating an illness, injury, disease or its symptoms, and that are:

- I. in accordance with generally accepted standards of medical practice which are based on:
  - A. credible scientific evidence published in peer reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community when available,
  - B. physician specialty society recommendations,
  - C. the views of prudent physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas, and
  - D. any other clinically relevant factors.
- II. clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency, extent, site and duration, and considered effective for the patient’s illness, injury or disease; and
- III. not primarily for the convenience of the patient, physician, or other health care provider, and
- IV. not more costly than an alternative service or sequence of services at least as likely to produce equivalent therapeutic or diagnostic results as to the diagnosis or treatment of the patient’s illness, injury or disease.

**CODES**

- *Eligibility for reimbursement is based upon the benefits set forth in the member’s subscriber contract.*
- ***CODES MAY NOT BE COVERED UNDER ALL CIRCUMSTANCES. PLEASE READ THE POLICY AND GUIDELINES STATEMENTS CAREFULLY.***
- *Codes may not be all inclusive as the AMA and CMS code updates may occur more frequently than policy updates.*

**CPT Codes**

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>
	Numerous

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**HCPCS Codes**

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>

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**Medical Policy: MEDICALLY NECESSARY SERVICES**

**Policy Number: 11.01.15**

**Page: 3 of 3**

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>
	Numerous

**ICD10 Codes**

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>
	Numerous

**REFERENCES**

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\*Key Article

**KEY WORDS**

Medical necessity, Medically necessary.

**CMS COVERAGE FOR MEDICARE PRODUCT MEMBERS**

There is currently no National Coverage Determination (NCD) or Local Coverage Determination (LCD) for Medically Necessary Services. However, the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual addresses services that are not reasonable and necessary in the chapter on General Exclusions from Coverage – Chapter 16, Section 20. Please refer to the following website for Medicare members: <http://www.cms.hhs.gov/manuals/Downloads/bp102c16.pdf>.